SBI ClERK EXAMINATION

Previous YEAR Question Paper - 2016

**English Language:**

**Directions (1-10):** Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it. Certain words/phrases have been given in bold to help you locate them while answering some of the questions.

Once upon a time, there lived a washerman in a village. He had a donkey by the name of Udhata. He used to carry loads of clothes to the river bank and back home every day.

The donkey was not satisfied with the food, that was given to him by his master to eat. So he wandered into the nearby fields **stealthily** and ate the crops growing there. Once, the donkey, while wandering around, happened to meet a fox. Soon, both of them became friends and began to wander together in search of delicious food. One night, the donkey and the fox were eating water-melons in a field. The water-melons were so tasty, that the donkey ate in a large quantity. Having eaten to his appetite, the donkey became so happy that he was **compelled** by an intense desire to sing. He told the fox that he was in such a good mood that he had to express his happiness in a melodious tone. Don’t be a fool. If you sing, the people sleeping in and around this field will Wake up and beat us black and blue with sticks, ‘said the fox worriedly. ‘You are a dull fellow’, the donkey said hearing the words of fox. ‘Singing makes one happy and healthy. No matter what comes. I’ll definitely sing a song. “ The fox become worried to see the donkey adamant to sing a song in the midst of the field, while the owner was still sleeping only a little distance away. Seeing his **adamance**, he said to the donkey, “friend, wait a minute before you start. First, let me jump over to the other side of the fence for my safety.” Saying so the fox jumped over to the other side of the fence without losing a moment. The donkey began in his so-called melodious tone. Hearing, suddenly, a donkey braying in the field, the owner woke up from his sleep. He picked up his stick lying by his idle and ran towards the donkey who was still braying happily. The owner of the field looked around and saw the loss caused by the donkey. He became very angry and beat him so ruthlessly that the donkey was physically incapacitated temporarily. He, somehow, managed to drag himself out of the field with great difficulty.

The fox looked at the donkey and said in a sympathetic tone, “I m sorry to see you in this **pitiable** conditions. I had already earned you, but you didn’t listen to my advice.” The donkey too realized his **folly** and hung his head in shame.

**1.** Why did donkey want to sing?

(a) Donkey was so happy that he was compelled by an intense desire to sing.

(b) He wanted to wake up the people sleeping around.

(c) Fox told the donkey to sing a song.

(d) He wanted to prove that he was a good singer.

(e) None of the above.

**2**. What was donkey’s reaction when fox suggested him not to sing a song?

(a) Donkey agreed with fox and did not sing a song.

(b) Donkey chose to dance instead of singing a song.

(c) Donkey became angry and did not talk to fox after that.

(d) Donkey didn’t pay attention to fox’s words and sang a song.

(e) None of the above.

**3.** What happened when donkey sang a song?

(a) the fox clapped for the donkey.

(b) The villagers praised donkey and gave him a gift.

(c) The fox started dancing.

(d) The owner woke up and beat the donkey ruthlessly.

(e) None of the above.

**4.** How did donkey came to know the fox?

(a) Both were childhood friends.

(b) Donkey happened to meet the fox in the field while wandering around in the search of delicious food.

(c) They used to work together for the washerman from the starting.

(d) Fox once saved donkey’s life.

(e) None of the above.

**5.** Which of the following statement is false according to the passage?

(a) The donkey realized his mistake in the end.

(b) The donkey was not satisfied with the food given to him by his master.

(c) Donkey didn’t want to sing but he was compelled to do that.

(d) The owner of the field woke LIP after hearing to the donkey’s voice.

(e) None of the above

**Directions(6-8):** Choose the word/group of words which is **MOST SIMILAR** in the meaning to the word/group of words printed in **bold** as used in the passage.

**6.**  **STEALTHILY**

(a) Superstitiously (b) Secretly (c) Honestly (d) Openly (e) Overtly

**7.** **COMPELLED**

(a) Discouraged (b) Delayed (c) Suspended (d) Forced (e) Demanded

**8.**  **ADAMANCE**

(a) Easy going (b) Yielding (c) Flexible (d) Mischievous (e) Rigidity

Directions (9-10): Choose the word/group of words which is MOST OPPOSITE in meaning of the word/group of words as printed in bold as used in the passage.

**9.** **FOLLY**

(a) Stupidity (b) Madness (c) Advanceness (d) Sageness (e) Sharpness

**10.**  **PITIABLE**

(a) Miserable (b) Misfortunate (c) Pathetic (d) Honourable (e) Commendable

**Directions (11-15):** Rearrange the following six sentences A, B, C, D, E and F in the proper sequence to form a meaningful paragraph and then answer the questions given below.

A. Anything that you touch will turn into gold. The king was delighted with his good fortune.

B. Even though he was very rich, he always craved for more and more.

C. Everything he touched turned into gold. He turned trees, grass, tables, chairs, flowers, and

vases into gold.

D. One day, he called his court magicians and commanded. find me a spell that can get me more

treasures than I already have.

E. King Midas was a very greedy king.

F. The magician said, Your Majesty, I can give you a power that no one else in this world has.

**11.** Which of the following shoud be the **FIRST** sentence after rearrangement?

(a) F (b) E (c) B (d)C (e) A

**12.** Which of the following should be the **SECOND** sentence after rearrangement?

(a) A (b) B (c) C (d) D (e) E

**13.** Which of the following should be the **THIRD** sentence after rearrangement?

(a) E (b) F (c) D (d) C (e) B

**14.** Which of the following should be the **FOURTH** sentence after rearrangement?

(a) B (b) D (c) F (d) E (e) C

**15.** Which of the following should be the **LAST (SIXTH)** sentence after rearrangement?

(a) C (b) A (c) B (d) D (e) F

**Directions (Q. No. 16-20):** Read each sentence to find out whether there is any grammatical or idiomatic error in it. The error, if any, will be in one part of the sentence. The number of that part is the answer. If there is “No error”, the answer is (5). (Ignore errors of punctuation, if any).

**16.** Harsh Vardhan said he was looking forward / (1) to serve his roots, as he had spend / (2) the first 15

years of his life/ (3) in the streets of old Delhi. (4) No error (5)

**17.** A family office has to / (1) execute all tasks related to/ (2) manage the wealth of /(3) the upper-rich

family. (4)/ No error(5).

**18.** Service providers in the financial industry, specially private banks /(1) and wealth management

firms, are increasingly/ (2) forced to standardizes/ (3) products to optimize profit. (4)/ No error (5).

**19.** Social or impact funds are private equity-like funds/ (1) that pool money from investors/ (2) and put

it to work in a portfolio of ventures/ (3) that meet the funds objective. (4)/ No error.

**20.** While residential land purchases/ (1) have benefitted many investors/ (2) buying land can be risky/

(3) especially for a NRI. (4) / No error(5).

**Directions (21-25):** In each question below, four words printed in **bold** type are given. These are indicated as (1), (2), (3) and (4). One of these words printed in bold may either be wrongly spelt or inappropriate in the context of the sentence. Find out the word that is inappropriate or wrongly spelt, if any. The number of that word is your answer. If all the words printed in bold are correctly spelt and appropriate in the context of the sentence then mark (5) i.e. All correct’, as your answer.

21. All the **competitors**/ (1) **completed** / (2) the **race**/ (3) with just one **exception./** (4) All correct (5).

**22.** Poor **posture**/ (1) can **lead**/ (2) to **muscular**/(3) **problems**/ (4) in later life. / All correct (5)

**23.** The **Pump** /(1) shut **off/** (2) as a **result** / (3) of a **mechanical** / (4) failure. / All correct (5)

**24.** The **principal** /(1) gave a very **pompous**/(2) **speach**/ (3) about “**The portals of learning**”./(4) All

correct.

**25.** **Copeing**/(1) with her mother’s long **illness**/(2) was a heavy **load**/(3) to **bear**./(4) Al correct(5).

**Directions (26-30):** In the following passage, some of the words have been left out. Each of which is indicated by a number. Find the suitable word from the options given against each number and fill up the blanks with appropriate words to make the paragraph meaningfully complete.

A camel and a jackal were-friends. One day, the jackal..…(**26**)…… his friend to a big sugarcane farm. It was on the opposite side of a river. After a ……..(**27**)…. meal, the jackal began to howl loudly. The frightened camel pleaded …..(**28**)…… the jackal not to do so. The Jackal said, “Friend, I have this habit after every meal. I cannot help it.” Soon the farmers arrived and gave a sound thrashing to the camel.

When the camel crossed the river, the jackal joined him on his back. In the midstream, the camel took a deliberate dip ……(**29**)….. the water. When the jackal cried out in terror, the camel said casually “I have the habit of rolling in the water after every meal.” The poor jackal was……(**30**)………

**26**. (a) brought (b) bought (c) took (d) taken (e) invites

**27.** (a) daily (b) desirous (c) delicacy (d) dinner (e) sumptuous

**28.** (a) to (b) for (c) on (d) with (e) before

**29.** (a) onto (b) in (c) within (d) down (e) on

**30.** (a) sank (b) sinking (c) drowning (d) drowned (e) wetting

**NUMERICAL ABILITY**

**Directions (31-40):** What should come in the place of question mark (?) in the following questions ?

**31.** 7/5 of 58 +3/8 of 139.2 = ?

(a) 133.4 (b) 137.2 (c) 127.8 (d) 131.6 (e) None of these

**32.** 12% of 555 + 15% of 666=?

(a) 166.5 (b) 167.5 (c) 168.5 (d) 169.5 (e) None of these

**33.** 84368+65466−72009−13964 = ?

(a) 61481 (b) 62921 (c) 63861 (d) 64241 (e) None of these

**34.** (33)^7.8×(33)^1.2÷(33)^5 = 33×(33)^?

(a) 2.8 (b) 3 (c) 3.2 (d) 4 (e) 6

**35.** ?/529 = 324/?

(a) 404 (b) 408 (c) 410 (d) 414 (e) 416

**36.** 4376+ 3209 −1784+97 + 3125+?

(a) 2713 (b) 2743 (c) 2773 (d) 2793 (e) 2737

**37.** √?+14 = √ 2601

(a) 1521 (b) 1369 (c) 1225 (d) 961 (e) 1296

**38**. 85% of 420 + ?% of 1080 = 735

(a) 25 (b) 30 (c) 35 (d) 40 (e) 45

**39.** 7/3 of 5/4 of 3023 = ?×10.5

(a) 920 (b) 940 (c) 960 (d) 980 (e) 840

**40.** 30% of 1225−64% of 555 = ?

(a) 10.7 (b) 12.3 (c) 13.4 (d) 17.5 (e) None

**Directions (41-45):** Study the following table carefully and answer the given questions.

The number of various crimes, as supplied by national crime record, reported in different state in the year 2012-13.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **State** | **Stalking** | **Assault** | **Theft** | **Murder** | **Criminal Trespass** |
| Bihar | 352 | 496 | 265 | 132 | 332 |
| Madhya Pradesh | 376 | 225 | 216 | 125 | 115 |
| Uttar Pradesh | 85 | 125 | 53 | 56 | 57 |
| Delhi | 473 | 576 | 675 | 764 | 852 |
| Himachal Pradesh | 10545 | 3652 | 12224 | 354 | 10128 |
| Andhra Pradesh | 445 | 225 | 252 | 173 | 154 |
| Haryana | 245 | 256 | 257 | 261 | 263 |
| Rajasthan | 273 | 276 | 278 | 252 | 353 |

**41.** The total number of various crimes in Himachal Pradesh is :

(a) 37803 (b) 38903 (c) 37903 (d) 39903 (e) 37003

**42.** Find the respective ratio of Stalking and Assault in Uttar Pradesh to Theft and Criminal Trespass in

Haryana.

(a) 28:51 (b) 21:52 (c) 52:21 (d) 14:55 (e) 55:14

**43.** Find the approximate average of Murder and Theft in all the eight states together.

(a) 1141 (b) 1132 (c) 1311 (d) 941 (e) 1021

**44.** The total number of Assaults and Murders together in Bihar is what per cent of the total number of

crimes in that state?

(a) 29.82% (b) 39.82% (c) 25% (d) 21.81% (e) 25.5%

**45.** Find the difference between the number of various crimes committed in Bihar and that in

Rajasthan.

(a) 105 (b) 98 (c) 145 (d) 139 (e) 104

**46.** How many litres of water should be added to a30 litre mixture of milk and water containing milk and water in the respective ratio of 7:3 such that the resultant mixture has 40% water in it?

(a) 5 (b) 2 (c) 3 (d) 8 (e) 7

**47.** The simple interest on certain sum of money for 15 months at the rate of 7.5 % per annum exceed the simple interest on the same sum at 12.5% per annum for 8 months by Rs. 3250. Find the sum?

(a) Rs. 160000 (b)Rs. 20000 (c) Rs.170000 (d) Rs. 18000 (e) 312000

**48.** 4 men and 3 women finish a job in 6 days, and 5 men and 7 women can do the same job in 4 days. How long will 1 man and 1 woman take to do the same work?

(a) 22 2/7 days (b) 21 ½ days (c) 5 1/7 days (d) 12 7/22 days (e) None

**49.** A and B started a business with initial investments in the respective ratio of 5:7. If after one year their profits were in the ratio 1:2 and the period for A’s investment was 7 months, B invested the money for:

(a) 6 months (b) 2 ½ months (c) 10 months (d) 4 months (e) 7 months

**50.** An army lost 10% its men in war, 10% of the remaining due to diseases and 10% of the rest were disabled. Thus the strength was reduced to 729000 active men. Find the original strength of the army.

(a) 1000000 (b) 1200000 (c) 1500000 (d) 1800000 (e) None

**51.** What is the difference between the compound interests on Rs. 5,000 for 1 year at 4% per annum compounded yearly and half-yearly?

(a) Rs. 2 (b) Rs. 3 (c) Rs. 4 (d) Rs. 8 (e) None

**52.** The speeds of John and Max are 30km/h and 40km/h respectively. Initially, Max is at a place L and John is at a place M. The distance between L and M is 650km. John started his journey 3 hours earlier than Max to meet each other. If they meet each other at a place p somewhere between L and M, then the distance between P and M is:

(a) 220km (b) 250km (c) 330km (d) 320km (e) None

**53.** The average weight of boys in a class is 30 kg and the average weight of girls in the same is 20 kg. If the average weight of the whole class is 23.25kg, what could be the possible strength of boys and girls respectively in the same class?

(a) 14 and 26 (b) 13 and 27 (c) 17 and 27 (d) 19 and 21 (e) None

**54.** A profit of 8% is made by selling a shirt after offering a discount of 12%. If the marked price of the shirt is Rs. 1.080, find the cost price?

(a) Rs. 890 (b) Rs. 780 (c) Rs. 880 (d) 900 (e) None

**55.** The difference between 4/5 of a number and 45% of the same number is 56. What is 65% of the same number?

(a) 96 (b) 104 (c) 112 (d) 120 (e) None

**56.** A man can row 24 km upstream and 54 km downstream in 6 hours. He can also row 36 km upstream and 48 km downstream in 8 hours. What is the speed of the man in still water?

(a) 18.75km/h (b) 19.25 km/h (c) 17.65km/h (d) 15.55km/h

(e) 22.75km/h

**57.** The numerator of a fraction is decreased by 25% and the denominator is increased by 250%. If the resultant fractions is 6/5, what is the original fraction?

(a) 22/5 (b) 24/5 (c) 27/6 (d) 28/5 (e) 30/11

**58.** What would be the area of a rectangle whose area is equal to the area of a circle of radius 7 cm?

(a)77 cm. sq (b)154 cm.sq (c)184cm.sq (d)180 cm.sq

(e) 150 cm.sq

**59.** In a village, three people contested for the post of Village Pradhan. Due to their own interest, all the voters voted and noone vote was invalid. The losing candidate got 30% votes. What could be the minimum absolute margin of votes by which the winning candidate led by the nearest rival, if each candidate got an integral per cent of votes?

(a) 4 (b) 2 (c) 3 (d) 1 (e) None

**60.** The price of an article is first increased by 20% and later on the price was decreased by 25% due to reduction in sales. Find the net percentage change in final price of article.

(a) 20% (b) 18% (c) 38% (d) 10% (e) None

**Directions (61-65):** What will come in the place of question mark (?) in the following number series?

**61.** 48, 23, ?, 4.25, 1.125

(a) 10.5 (b) 10 (c) 2.5 (d) 11 (e) None

**62.** 2, 15, 41, 80, 132, ?

(a) 197 (b) 150 (c) 178 (d) 180 (e) None

**63.** ?, 15, 75, 525, 4725, 51975

(a) 5 (b) 10 (c) 8 (d) 6 (e) None

**64.** 4, 19, 49, ?, 229

(a) 75 (b) 109 (c) 65 (d) 169 (e) None

**65.** 840, ?, 420, 140, 35, 7

(a) 408 (b)840 (c)480 (d) 480 (e) None

**REASONING**

**Directions (66-70):** Study the following arrangement of letters, digits and symbols carefully and answer the questions given below:

M 7 ϵ 8 L P @ ? 6 N B T Y 3 2 = E $ 4 9 © G H 5

**66.** How many such letter are there in the arrangement each of which is immediately followed by a number?

(a) Three (b)Four (c) One (d) Two (e) None

**67.** How many such symbols are there in the arrangement each of which is immediately preceded by a number?

(a)Two (b)Three (c)Four (d) Nil (e) None

**68.** If all the symbols are deleted from the arrangement, then which of the following will be fourth to the left of the 17th element from the left end?

(a) 9 (b) $ (c)2 (d)Y (e) None

**69.** ‘78’ is to ‘P?6’ and ‘N’ is to ‘T32 in the same way as ‘2E’is to …………………… in the arrangement

(a)4©H (b)49G (c)4©G (d)9GH (e) None

**70.** If all the numbers are deleted from the arrangement then which of the following will be fifth to the right of the 13th element from the right end?

(a)B (b) N (c) Y (d) T (e) None

**Directions (71-75):** In these questions, a relationship between different elements is shown in the statements. The statements are followed by two conclusions numbered I and II. Study the conclusions based on the statements and mark the appropriate answer. Give answer:

(a) If only conclusion I is true (b) If only conclusion II is true

(c) If either conclusion I or II is true (d) If neither conclusion I nor II is true

(e) If both conclusion I and II are true

**71.** **Statements**: A<B>C<D, C=E>G

**Conclusions**: I. D>E II. B>E

**72.** **Statements**: P>Q>M>N, Q=S

**Conclusions**: I. S>P II. N<S

**73.** **Statements**: S>M=Z>T<Q>V

**Conclusions**: I. V=S II. Q>M

74. **Statements**: T<U=V<s>p>Q

**Conclusions**: I. S>T II. V<Q

**75**. **Statement**: M>N>R>W, E=J>L>W

**Conclusions**: I. E>W II. M>L

**Directions (76-80):** The following questions are based on the five three-digit numbers given below.

**76.** IF 2 added to the first digit of each of the numbers, how many numbers thus formed will be divisible three?

(a) None (b)One (c)Two (d) Three (e) None

**77.** If all the digits in each of the numbers are arranged in descending order within the numbers, which of the following will be the highest number in the new arrangement of numbers?

(a) 684 (b) 385 (c)296 (d) 437 (e) None

**78.** What will be the resultant number if the second digit of the second lowest number is divided by the third digit of the highest number?

(a) 2 (b) 3 (c) 0 (d)1 (E)4

**79.** If 1 is added to the first digit and 2 is added to the last digit of each of the numbers then which of the following numbers will be the second highest number?

(a) 385 (b)684 (c)437 (d) 296 (e)512

**80.** If in each number the first and second digits are interchanged then which will be the highest number?

(a) 684 (b) 512 (c) 437 (d) 296 (e)385

**Directions (81-82):** Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below.

P is to the North of Q and S is to the East of P, who is to the south of W. T is to the west of P.

**81.** Who among the following is towards South of W and North of A?

(a) P (b) T (c) S (d) Q (e) None

**82.** W is in which direction with respect to T?

(a) North (b) North-East (c)South-West (d) West (e)None

**83**. How man pairs of letters are there in the word (in forward direction) APPLICATION, each of which have as many letters between them in the word as they have between them in the English alphabet?

(a) One (b) Two (c) Three (d) Four (e) None

**84**. In a certain coding system, PAPER is written as PERPA and SUBJECT is written as JECTSUB, what should be the code for COUNCIL?

(a) LICNOUC (b) NCOUCIL (c) NCILCOU (d) NLICUOC (e) None

**85.** In a certain code language, ‘lu ja ka hu’ means ‘will you meet us’, ‘lu ka hu pa’ means ‘will you sold us’. Then what is the code of ‘meet in this code language?

(a) hu (b) lu (c) ka (d) ja (e) cannot

be determined

**86.** In a certain code language, COMBINE is written as XLNYRMA. How will TOWARDS be written in that code language?

(a) FLDZIWJ (b) GLDZIWH (c) GLEZJWH (d) FLEZIWH (e) None

**87**. 37 girls are standing in a row facing the school building. Ayesha if fifteenth from the left end. If she is shifted six places to the right, what is her position from the right end?

(a) 16th (b) 21st (c) 20th (d) 18th (e) None

**88.** X’s mother is the mother-in-law of the father of Z. Z is the brother of Y while X is the father of M. How is X related to Z?

(a)Paternal uncle (b)Maternal uncle (c)Brother-in-law (d)Grandfather (e)Cousin

**89.** If A is the brother of B, C is the sister of A, D is the brother of E, E is the daughter of B, F is the father of C, who is the uncle of D?

(a) A (b) C (c)B (d)Can’t be determined (e) None

**90.** A said to B that B’s mother was the mother-in-law of A’s mother. How is A’s mother related to B’s mother?

(a)Mother-in-law (b)Sister (c)Daughter-in-law (d) Anut (e) None

**Directions (91-95):** Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below.

Dhondu, Chintu, Titu, Chiku, Sonu, Monu, Bittu and Sonty are sitting around a circular table facing the center. Sonty is third to the right of Titu and second to the left of Sonu. Chinu is not an immediate neighbor of Sonty or Titu. Monu is second to the right of Chiku and is an immediate neighbor of Titu. Bittu is not the neighbor of Sonu.

**91.** Who amongst the following is second to the tight of Titu?

(a) Sonty (b) Bitu (c) Monu (d) Sonu (e) None

**92.** Who amongst the following is an immediate neighbor of Sonty and Sonu?

(a) Dhondu (b) Chintu (c) Titu (d) Bittu (e) None

**93.** In which of the following pairs the second person is sitting on the immediate right of the first person?

(a) Dhondu, Sonty (b) Tittu, Chiku (c)Bittu, Sonty (d) Sonu, Sonty

(e) Monu, Tittu

**94.** Who amongst the following is second to the left of chintu?

(a) Dondhu (b) Titu (c) Monu (d) Sonty (e) None

**95.** Who amongst the following is opposite to Chiku?

(a) Dondhu (b) Bittu (c) Monu (d) Sonty (e) Sonu

**Directions (96-100):** Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below:

Seven neighbors S, P, L, Q, R, M and I live on different floors in the same building having seven floors numbered one to seven. (The first floor is numbered one, the floor above it, is numbered two and so on till the topmost floor is numbered as seven). Three persons live between I and M. M lives on the floor above S, who does not live on an odd-numbered floor. P lives neither on odd number nor on topmost floor. I does not lives on the first floor. Two persons live between R and S. Q lives neither on the first floor nor on the fourth floor.

**96**. Who lives on the floor just above M?

(a) L (b) P (c) Q (d) R (e) None

**97**. How many persons live between L and P?

(a)Can’t be determined (b) One (c)None (d) Two (e) Three

**98**. Which of the following pairs live on the first floor and the topmost floor respectively?

(a) L,Q (b) Q,P (c) I,Q (d) L,I

(e) Can’t be determined

**99**. Who amongst the following lives on the topmost floor?

(a) I b)Q (c) P (d) L (e) None

**100**. Which of the following combinations is true?

(a) First floor-S (b) Fourth floor-R (c)Third floor-M (d)Sixth floor-I (e)None

**Answers**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1. (a) | 2. (d) | 3. (d) | 4. (b) | 5. (c) | 6. (b) | 7. (d) | 8. (e) | 9. (d) | 10. (d) |
| 11. (b) | 12. (b) | 13. (c) | 14. (c) | 15. (a) | 16. (b) | 17. (c) | 18. (a) | 19. (d) | 20. (d) |
| 21. (d) | 22. (e) | 23. (d) | 24. (c) | 25. (a) | 26. (c) | 27. (e) | 28. (d) | 29. (b) | 30. (d) |
| 31. (a) | 32. (a) | 33. (c) | 34. (b) | 35. (d) | 36. (c) | 37. (b) | 38. (c) | 39. (e) | 40. (b) |
| 41. (d) | 42. (b) | 43. (e) | 44.(b) | 45. (c) | 46. (a) | 47. (e) | 48. (a) | 49. (c) | 50. (a) |
| 51. (a) | 52. (c) | 53. (b) | 54. (c) | 55. (b) | 56. (b) | 57. (d) | 58. (b) | 59. (b) | 60. (d) |
| 61. (a) | 62. (a) | 63. (a) | 64. (b) | 65. (b) | 66. (a) | 67. (b) | 68. (e) | 69. (c) | 70. (d) |
| 71. (e) | 72. (b) | 73. (d) | 74. (a) | 75. (a) | 76. (b) | 77. (c) | 78. (a) | 79. (e) | 80. (d) |
| 81. (a) | 82. (b) | 83. (a) | 84. (c) | 85. (d) | 86. (b) | 87. (e) | 88. (b) | 89. (a) | 90. (c) |
| 91. (b) | 92. (c) | 93. (c) | 94. (d) | 95. (e) | 96. (b) | 97. (c) | 98. (d) | 99. (a) | 100. (c) |